

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Primer 49

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Primer 49
Product no.: MS-049
Unique formula identifier (UFI): F000-A0PG-V00R-2UMM

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture: Industrial purposes
Restricted to professional users.
Uses advised against : None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address: **Hernon Manufacturing Inc**
121 Tech Drive
FL 32771 Sanford
USA
T: +1-407-322-4000
www.hernon.com
Contact person: Hernon SDS Coordinator
E-mail: customerservice@hernon.com
Revision: 08/03/2025
SDS Version: 2.0
Date of previous version: 08/03/2025 (1.0)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Contact the poison control at 1-800-222-1222 (24/7) or use the webpoisoncontrol (triage.webpoisoncontrol.org) to get specific guidance for your case.
VelocityEHS:
+1-800-255-3924 (USA)
+1-813-248-0585 (International)
1-300-954-583 (Australia)
0-800-591-6042 (Brazil)
400-120-0751 (China)
000-800-100-4086 (India)
800-099-0731 (Mexico)
Contract #: (MIS0002665)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Sens. 1; H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3; H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Carc. 1B; H350, May cause cancer.
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statement(s):

May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317)
Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (H336)
May cause cancer. (H350)
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (H412)

Precautionary statement(s):

General:

-

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)
Wear eye protection/protective clothing. (P280)

Response:

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
(P308+P313)
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical
advice/attention. (P333+P313)

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly
closed. (P403+P233)

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local
regulation
(P501)

Hazardous substances:

acetone
Isopropanol
N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine
benzothiazole-2-thiol

Additional labelling:

Restricted to professional users.

UFI: F000-A0PG-V00R-2UMM

2.3. Other hazards

Additional warnings:

This mixture/product does not contain any substances
known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.
This product does not contain any substances considered
to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria
set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU)
2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2023/707.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
acetone	CAS No.: 67-64-1 EC No.: 200-662-2 UK-REACH: Index No.: 606-001-00-8	60-100%	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]
Isopropanol	CAS No.: 67-63-0 EC No.: 200-661-7 UK-REACH: Index No.: 603-117-00-0	10-30%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine	CAS No.: 99-97-8 EC No.: 202-805-4 UK-REACH: Index No.: 612-056-00-9	1-5%	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
benzothiazole-2-thiol	CAS No.: 149-30-4 EC No.: 205-736-8 UK-REACH: Index No.: 613-108-00-3	1-5%	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

[1] European occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

Inhalation:

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

Skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and

Eye contact:

soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

Ingestion:

If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink.

In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.

Burns:

Not applicable.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Sensitisation: This product contains substances, which may trigger allergic reaction upon dermal contact. Manifestation of allergic reactions typically takes place within 12-72 hours after exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Sulphur oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

Carbon oxides (CO / CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice.

Hazchem Code: ●2YE

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

It is recommended to install waste collection trays in order to prevent emissions to the waste water system and surrounding environment.

The product should be tested for peroxides before distillation or evaporation and tested for peroxide formation or discarded after 1 year.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Peroxide formation may be present anywhere in the container, including the sides, bottom, exterior and threaded cap. Peroxide formation in ppm concentrations may not be visually observable and must be identified through the use of appropriate testing procedures. If any of the following conditions exist, the material may be explosively unstable and will require stabilization prior to use:

1. Material appears to be degraded and or contaminated.
2. Material appears to be discolored.
3. Deterioration or distortion of storage container.
4. Thermal shock (sunlight).
5. Age of material exceeds recommended storage time.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers and store protected from moisture and light. Containers

should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Do not exceed storage time limits.

Store locked up. A sign warning of toxic materials shall be affixed the room and cupboard containing the product(s).

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage material: Always store in containers of the same material as the original container.

Storage conditions: Keep at temperatures between 7 and 29 °C.
Dry, cool and well ventilated
Remove Static Electricity. Ground Container and Equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.
Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents
Reducing agents
Free radical initiators
Inert gas
Peroxides

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

acetone

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 500

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1210

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 1500

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 3620

Isopropanol

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 400

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 999

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 500

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 1250

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002.

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

DNEL

acetone

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	200 mg/m ³

Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1210 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	2420 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day

benzothiazole-2-thiol

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	2.2 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	8.8 mg/m ³
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	17.6 mg/m ³
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	70.4 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	1.25 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	10 mg/kg bw/day

Isopropanol

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	89 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	500 mg/m ³
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	178 mg/m ³
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1000 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	51 mg/kg bw/day

N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	223 µg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	624 µg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	22.7 µg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	128 µg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	20 µg/kg bw/day

PNEC

acetone

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		10.6 mg/L
Freshwater sediment		30.4 mg/kg

Intermittent release (freshwater)		21 mg/L
Marine water		1.06 mg/L
Marine water sediment		3.04 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		100 mg/L
Soil		29.5 mg/kg

benzothiazole-2-thiol

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		4.1 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		147 µg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		5 µg/L
Marine water		410 ng/L
Marine water sediment		14.7 µg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		300 µg/L
Soil		27 µg/kg

Isopropanol

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		140.9 mg/L
Freshwater sediment		552 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		140.9 mg/L
Marine water		140.9 mg/L
Marine water sediment		552 mg/kg
Predators		160 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		2.251 g/L
Soil		28 mg/kg

N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		152.59 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		45.378 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		152.59 µg/L
Marine water		15.259 µg/L
Marine water sediment		45.378 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		4.286 mg/L
Soil		18.677 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations:

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios:

There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

Exposure limits:

Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures:

Do not recirculate outlet air that contain the substances. The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked. Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures:

In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special attention to hands, forearms and face.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure:

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible, collect spillage during work.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment


Generally:

Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.

Respiratory Equipment:

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.


Skin protection:

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
-	Protective Clothing		

Hand protection:

Nitrile Rubber

Eye protection:

Type	Standards	
Safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:

Liquid

Colour:

Amber

Odour / Odour threshold:

Sharp/pungent

pH:

No data available

Density (g/cm³):

0.8

Kinematic viscosity: No data available

Particle characteristics: Not applicable

Phase changes

Melting point/Freezing point (°C): Not applicable

Softening point/range (°C): Does not apply to liquids.

Boiling point (°C): No data available

Vapour pressure: <172.0 mmHg (20 °C)

Relative vapour density: No data available

Decomposition temperature (°C): No data available

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C): >-20.0

Flammability (°C): No data available

Auto-ignition temperature (°C): No data available

Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v): No data available.

Solubility

Solubility in water: Very slightly soluble

n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow): No data available

Solubility in fat (g/L): No data available

9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100): No data available

VOC (g/l): 773 (calculated)

Oxidizing properties: No data available.

Other physical and chemical parameters: No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure.
Mechanical influences (e.g. Shock, pressure, impact, friction). Fire, sparks or other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials

Sunlight

Extremes of temperature

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents
Peroxides
Free radical initiators
Inert gas
Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as retained and amended in UK law

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Long term effects

Carcinogenic effects: This product contains substances considered or proven to be carcinogenic. The carcinogenic effects may be triggered subsequent to exposure through inhalation, skin contact or ingestion.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness,

ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to health.

Other information

Isopropanol has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine has been classified by IARC as a group 2B carcinogen.

benzothiazole-2-thiol has been classified by IARC as a group 2A carcinogen.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the environment.

12.7. Other adverse effects

This product contains substances that are toxic to the environment. May result in adverse effects to aquatic organisms.

This product contains substances, which may cause adverse long-term effects to the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste.

HP 4 - Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage)

HP 6 - Acute toxicity

HP 7 - Carcinogenic

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

EWC code




Not applicable.

Specific labelling

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other informat ion:
ADR	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	II	No	Limited quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) See below for additional information.
IMDG	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	II	No	Limited quantities: 1 L EmS: F-E S-D See below for additional information.
IATA	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1 	II	No	See below for additional information.

* Packing group

** Environmental hazards

Additional information

ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding

mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.
 IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.
 IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.
 Hazchem Code: ●2YE

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application:

Restricted to professional users.
 People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.
 Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

Demands for specific education:

No specific requirements.

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) - Categories / dangerous substances:

Not applicable.

Regulation on drug precursors:

acetone is included (Category 3)

Regulation on explosives precursors:

acetone (Annex II)

UK-REACH, Annex XVII:

acetone is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).
 Isopropanol is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

Additional information:

Not applicable.

Sources:

The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999.
 The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013.
 Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.
 The Controlled Drugs (Drug Precursors) Regulations 2008.
 Council Regulation (EC) No 2019/1148 on explosives precursors as retained and amended in UK law.
 Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.
 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301, Toxic if swallowed.
H311, Toxic in contact with skin.
H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319, Causes serious eye irritation.
H330, Fatal if inhaled.
H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350, May cause cancer.
H361, Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400, Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410, Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CE = Conformité Européenne (European conformity)
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR = Chemical Safety Report
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ES = Exposure Scenario
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
EuPCS = European Product Categorisation System
EWC = European Waste Catalogue
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP = Global warming potential
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number
SCL = A specific concentration limit
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of environmental hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The safety data sheet is validated by

SDS Coordinator

Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product.

Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: GB-en