

#### **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Primer 49

#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Primer 49
Product no.: MS-049

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the Industrial purposes

substance or mixture: Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against: None known.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address: Hernon Manufacturing Inc

121 Tech Drive FL 32771 Sanford

USA

T: +1-407-322-4000 www.hernon.com

Contact person: Hernon SDS Coordinator

E-mail: customerservice@hernon.com

SDS date: 3/8/2025

SDS Version: 4.0

*Date of previous version:* 10/15/2024 (3.0)

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Contact the poison control at 1-800-222-1222 (24/7) or use the webpoisoncontrol (triage.webpoisoncontrol.org) to get specific guidance for your case.

VelocityEHS:

+1-800-255-3924 (USA)

+1-813-248-0585 (International)

1-300-954-583 (Australia)

0-800-591-6042 (Brazil)

400-120-0751 (China)

000-800-100-4086 (India)

800-099-0731 (Mexico)

Contract #: (MIS0002665)

# **SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION**

#### **OSHA/HCS status**

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)



#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Sens. 1; H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3; H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Carc. 1B; H350, May cause cancer.

Repr. 2; H361, Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT RE 2; H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317)

Causes serious eye irritation. (H319) May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (H336)

May cause cancer. (H350)

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. (H361)

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. (H373)

*Precautionary statement(s):* 

General: -

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. (P201)

Do not breathe vapour/mist. (P260)

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace. (P272)

Wear eye protection/protective clothing. (P280)

Response: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

(P308+P313)

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. (P312) Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. (P314)

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. (P333+P313)

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

(P337+P313)

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

(P362+P364)

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly

closed. (P403+P233)

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local

regulation

(P501)

Additional labelling: Restricted to professional users.

#### 2.3. Other hazards



#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

#### 3.2. ▼ Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
acetone	CAS No.: 67-64-1	60-100%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking	
Isopropanol	CAS No.: 67-63-0	10-30%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine	CAS No.: 99-97-8	1-5%	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 2, H373	
benzothiazole-2-thiol	CAS No.: 149-30-4	1-5%	Skin Sens. 1, H317	

Where the concentration of an ingredient is expressed as a range the exact concentration has been withheld as a trade secret.

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

# Other information

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Primer 49

### **SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information: If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness

or cramps: Call 911 and give immediate treatment (first

aid).

Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an

unconscious person water or other drink.

*Inhalation:* Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory



tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or

thinners.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye contact: If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or

isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing

during transport.

*Ingestion:* If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and

stay with the person. Never give the person anything to

drink.

In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid

inhalation of or choking on vomited material.

Burns: Not applicable.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Sensitisation: This product contains substances, which may trigger allergic reaction upon dermal contact. Manifestation of allergic reactions typically takes place within 12-72 hours after exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

# **4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

# Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters. If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are: Sulphur oxides



Conforms to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200 / revised 2024)

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) Carbon oxides (CO / CO2)

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact the Poison Help Line on 1-800-222-1222 (24/7) in order to obtain further advice.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc. In the event of leakage to the surroundings, contact local environmental authorities.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

The product should be tested for peroxides before distillation or evaporation and tested for peroxide formation or discarded after 1 year.

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Peroxide formation may be present anywhere in the container, including the sides, bottom, exterior and threaded cap. Peroxide formation in ppm concentrations may not be visually observable and must be identified through the use of appropriate testing procedures. If any of the following conditions exist, the material may be explosively unstable and will require stabilization prior to use:

- 1. Material appears to be degraded and or contaminated.
- 2. Material appears to be discolored.
- 3. Deterioration or distortion of storage container.
- 4. Thermal shock (sunlight).
- 5. Age of material exceeds recommended storage time.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers and store protected from moisture and light. Containers





should be dated when opened and tested periodically for the presence of peroxides. Do not exceed storage time limits.

Store locked up. A sign warning of toxic materials shall be affixed the room and cupboard containing the product(s).

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage material: Always store in containers of the same material as the

original container.

Storage conditions: Keep at temperatures between 7 and 29 °C.

Dry, cool and well ventilated

Remove Static Electricity. Ground Container and Equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of

ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

Reducing agents Free radical initiators

Inert gas Peroxides

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

acetone

Short term exposure limit (STEL) (ACGIH TLV) (ppm): 500 Long term exposure limit (OSHA Table Z-1) (mg/m³): 2400 Long term exposure limit (OSHA Table Z-1) (ppm): 1000 Long term exposure limit (ACGIH TLV) (ppm): 250

#### Isopropanol

Short term exposure limit (STEL) (ACGIH TLV) (ppm): 400 Short term exposure limit (STEL) (NIOSH REL) (ppm): 500 Long term exposure limit (OSHA Table Z-1) (mg/m³): 980 Long term exposure limit (OSHA Table Z-1) (ppm): 400 Long term exposure limit (ACGIH TLV) (ppm): 200

Part 1910 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards (29 CFR 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 - Limits for Air Contaminants)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations: Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed

in the work area.

Exposure scenarios: There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this

product.

Exposure limits: Professional users are subjected to the legally set



maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See

occupational hygiene limit values above.

*Appropriate technical measures:* Do not recirculate outlet air that contain the substances.

The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and

emergency showers are clearly marked.

Apply standard precautions during use of the product.

Avoid inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures: In between use of the product and at the end of the

working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special attention to hands, forearms and

face.

Measures to avoid environmental

exposure:

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible,

collect spillage during work.

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally: Use only protective equipment with a recognized

certification mark, e.g. the UL mark.

### Respiratory Equipment:

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

#### Skin protection:

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
-	Protective Clothing		

# Hand protection: Nitrile Rubber

#### Eve protection:

Туре	Standards	
Safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Color: Amber

Odor: Sharp/pungent
Odor threshold (ppm): No data available
pH: No data available



Conforms to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200 / revised 2024)

Density (q/cm³): 0.8

No data available Kinematic viscosity: Particle characteristics: Not applicable

**Phase changes** 

*Melting point/freezing point (°F):* Not applicable

Softening point/range (°F): Does not apply to liquids.

Boiling point (°F): No data available <172.0 mmHg (20 °C) Vapor pressure: Relative vapor density: No data available No data available Decomposition temperature (°F):

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°F): >-4.0 Flash point (°C): >-20.0

Flammability (°F): No data available No data available *Auto-ignition temperature (°F):* No data available. **▼** Explosion limits (% v/v):

Solubility

Solubility in water: Very slightly soluble n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow): No data available Solubility in fat (q/L): No data available

9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate =

100):

VOC (q/L): 773 (calculated) No data available.

Other physical and chemical

parameters:

No data available. **▼** Oxidizing properties:

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

#### 10.2. **Chemical stability**

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

No data available

# Possibility of hazardous reactions, including those associated with foreseeable emergencies

None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure. Mechanical influences (e.g. Shock, pressure, impact, friction). Fire, sparks or other ignition sources.





Incompatible Materials

Sunlight

Extremes of temperature

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

Peroxides

Free radical initiators

Inert gas

Reducing agents

# 10.6. ▼ Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

# **Respiratory sensitisation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

# Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

# **STOT-single exposure**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# **STOT-repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Long term effects

Primer 49

Carcinogenic effects: This product contains substances considered or proven to be carcinogenic. The carcinogenic effects may be triggered subsequent to exposure through inhalation, skin contact or ingestion.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to

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the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

#### Other information

Isopropanol has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen. N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine has been classified by IARC as a group 2B carcinogen. benzothiazole-2-thiol has been classified by IARC as a group 2A carcinogen.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 12.1. Toxicity

No data available.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None known.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# RCRA Hazardous waste ("P" and "U" list) (40 CFR 261)

acetone is listed with EPA Hazardous Waste Number: U002

#### Specific labelling

# **Contaminated packing**

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)			Other informat ion:
DOT	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1	II	No	Limited quantitie s: 1 L Tunnel restrictio n code:



Conforms to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200 / revised 2024)

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other informat ion:
						(D/E) See below for additiona I informati on.
IMDG	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1	П	No	Limited quantitie s: 1 L EmS: F-E S-D See below for additiona I informati on.
IATA	UN1090	ACETONE	Transport hazard class: 3 Label: 3 Classification code: F1	П	No	See below for additiona I informati on.

<sup>\*</sup> Packing group

Primer 49

#### **Additional information**

DOT / See § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See § 172.602, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport. IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance

<sup>\*\*</sup> Environmental hazards





#### or mixture

# 15.2. U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA (the non-confidential portion): acetone is listed

Isopropanol is listed

N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine is listed benzothiazole-2-thiol is listed

Clean Air Act:

None of the components are listed

EPCRA Section 302:

None of the components are listed

None of the components are listed

EPCRA section 313: Isopropanol is listed

benzothiazole-2-thiol is listed

*CERCLA:* acetone is regulated with a Reportable Quantity (RQ) of:

5000 pounds

Hazardous chemical inventory

reporting:

This product is subject to Tier II reporting.

State regulations

California / Prop. 65: N,N-dimethyl-m-toluidine is known to cause: Cancer

benzothiazole-2-thiol is known to cause: Cancer

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Massachusetts / Right To Know Act: acetone is listed

Isopropanol is listed

New Jersey / Right To Know Act: acetone / Substance number: 0006

acetone is on the Special Health Hazard Substance List

Isopropanol / Substance number: 1076

Isopropanol is on the Special Health Hazard Substance List

benzothiazole-2-thiol / Substance number: 3710

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New York / Right To Know Act: acetone is listed

acetone is regulated with a Reportable Quantity (RQ) of:

5000 pounds

acetone is regulated with a Treshold Reporting Quantity

(TRQ) of: 10 pounds

Isopropanol is listed

Isopropanol is regulated with a Treshold Reporting

Quantity (TRQ) of: 0 pounds

Pennsylvania / Right To Know Act:

acetone is listed

acetone is hazardous to the environment (E)

Isopropanol is listed

Isopropanol is hazardous to the environment (E)

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# 15.4. Restrictions for application





Restricted to professional users.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

# 15.5. Demands for specific education

No specific requirements.

#### 15.6. Additional information

Not applicable.

# 15.7. Chemical safety assessment

No

#### 15.8. Sources

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

# Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301, Toxic if swallowed.

H311, Toxic in contact with skin.

H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H330, Fatal if inhaled.

H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350, May cause cancer.

H361, Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

None known.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act

DOT = Department of Transportation

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HCIS = Hazardous Chemical Information System

HNOC = Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods





LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SCL = A specific concentration limit.

STEL = Short-term exposure limits

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TSCA = The Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA = Time weighted average

**UN = United Nations** 

UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Additional information**

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards is in accordance with the calculation methods given by HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200).

# The safety data sheet is validated by

SDS Coordinator

#### Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product.

Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: US-en

Primer 49